The provincial distribution of the 1936 production of stone, sand and gravel is shown in Table 5, p. 351, while the chief purposes for which these materials were produced are shown in Table 31 below.

31.—Production of Sand and Gravel, and Stone in Canada, Showing the Principal Purposes, calendar years 1934-36.

Material and Purpose.	1934.		1935.		1936.	
	Quantity.	Gross Value.	Quantity.	Gross Value.	Quantity.	Gross Value.
84	tons.	\$	tons.	\$	tons.	\$
Sand— Moulding sand For building, concrete, roads, etc Other	13,229 686, 63 1 49,519	209,002	787,412	264,435	956,502	362,542
Sand and Gravel— For railway ballast For concrete, roads, etc Crushed gravel	1,454,618 12,418,408 231,754	266,292 3,411,751 122,626	2,267,195 17,531,047 570,540	5,357,331	6,318,681 14,336,640 480,516	5,216,942
Totals, Sand and Gravel	14,854,159	4,035,477	21,213,489	6,389,440	22,124,160	6,921,399
Stone— Building. Monumental and ornamental. Limestone for agriculture. Chemical Uses— Flux. Pulp and paper. Other. Rubble and riprap. Crushed. Totals, Stone ¹	52,665 9,359 81,564 237,362 149,997 102,221 175,405 3,229,388	316,366 142,126 177,015 144,362 126,052 108,192 2,486,463	15, 163 87,884 269,629 160,870 107,300 314,484	342,950 134,716 186,858 165,784 131,067 198,537 2,723,191	8,975 94,031 279,299 197,957 137,951 475,845	281,656 116,397 187,240 197,523 168,834 250,581 3,043,407

¹ Totals include minor items not specified.

The quantities and values of stone produced, given in the table above, represent only the production of those establishments which actually quarry their own stone and are exclusive of the products of the stone-dressing industry comprising those establishments which buy rough stone and dress, polish or finish it; although dressing operations are frequently carried on right at the quarry and to that extent cannot be separated from the primary production. Of the total quantity of stone produced in 1936 about 75 p.c. was limestone, 19 p.c. granite, less than 6 p.c. sandstone and less than 0.5 p.c. marble. The average value per ton was \$0.84 for limestone, \$1.40 for granite, \$1.74 for sandstone and \$7.42 for marble. Prices averaged lower in 1936 than in 1935 because a larger proportion of all stone except marble was used for riprap and crushed stone. The marble was used chiefly for stucco dash, in pulp and paper mills and other industrial processes, and for poultry grit and building stone. Large quantities of limestone were used for fluxing and other chemical purposes, but by far the largest part of all stone except marble was used as crushed stone.